

**112250. ARACHIS HYPOGAEA L. Fabaceae. Peanut.**

From Brazil. Seeds presented by the Director, Instituto de Biologia Vegetal, Jardim Botânico, Rio de Janeiro. Received September 27, 1935.

*Amendoim*; introduced for Department specialists.

**112251. PHLEUM PRATENSE L. Poaceae. Timothy.**

From Wales. Seeds purchased from the Welsh Plant Breeding Station, Aberystwyth. Received September 28, 1935.

*S. 50, Extreme pasture strain*; introduced for Department specialists.

**112252 to 112257. CAMPANULA CARPATICA Jacq. Campanulaceae. Carpathian bellflower.**

From England. Plants purchased from Prichard & Sons, Christ Church, Hants. Received September 30, 1935.

Introduced for Department specialists.

112252. *Elegant*.

112253. *Harmony*.

112254. *Harvest Moon*.

112255. *Princess*.

112256. *Viscountess Byng*.

112257. *White Star*.

**112258 to 112262. ARACHIS HYPOGAEA L. Fabaceae. Peanut.**

From Uruguay, South America. Seeds presented by the Director of the Jardin Botánico, Montevideo. Received September 28, 1935.

A collection of native varieties introduced for Department specialists.

112258. *Bunch*.

112259. *Jumbo*.

112260. From the Departamento de Rivera.

112261. From Brazil.

112262. *Valencia*.

**112263. FEROCACTUS COVILLEI Britt. and Rose. Cactaceae.**

From Arizona. Seeds presented by F. J. Crider, Boyce Thompson Arboretum, Superior. Received April 9, 1932. Numbered in September 1935.

Introduced for Department specialists.

A globular or short-cylindric cactus about 5 feet high, with 20 to 30 thin high ribs and stout straight or hooked annulate spines 2 to 3 inches long, varying from red to white. The flowers, about 3 inches long, vary in color from yellow to crimson. Native to the southwestern United States and northern Mexico.

**112264 and 112265.**

From Mexico. Seeds collected by W. A. Archer, Bureau of Plant Industry. Received September 25, 1935.

Introduced for Department specialists.

**112264 and 112265—Continued.****112264. DAHLIA COCCINEA Cav. Asteraceae.**

No. 3517. A wild dahlia, collected September 12, 1935, at Monte Albán, Oaxaca. A species with small single orange flowers.

**112265. ZINNIA sp. Asteraceae.**

No. 3518. A wild zinnia, collected September 12, 1935, at Monte Albán, Oaxaca.

**112266. CALAMUS ORNATUS Blume. Phoenicaceae. Rattan.**

From the Philippine Islands. Seeds presented by Arthur Fischer, Director of Forestry, Manila. Received September 26, 1935.

Introduced for Department specialists.

**112267 to 112292.**

From Manchuria. Seeds collected by the Asiatic Expedition. Received September 30, 1935.

Introduced for Department specialists.

**112267 and 112268. ACONITUM KUSNEZOFFII Reichenb. Ranunculaceae. Monkshood.**

An erect hardy herbaceous perennial, native to northeastern Asia, with terminal clusters of bluish flowers.

For previous introduction see 110479.

112267. No. 13. IV. From Barim, September 27, 1934.

112268. No. 14. IV. From Barim, September 30, 1934.

**112269. ALLIUM SENESCENS L. Liliaceae. No. 7. IV. From Barim.****112270. ASTRAGALUS sp. Fabaceae.**

No. 17. IV. September 4, 1934. Collected along the road from Hallar to Ganjour Monastery, Barga District.

**112271 and 112272. CIMICIFUGA DAHURICA (Turcz.) Huth. Ranunculaceae.**

From Barim. A tall hardy perennial with large decomposed leaves and paniculate racemes of small white flowers. Native to central Asia.

112271. No. 11. IV. September 28, 1934.

112272. No. 12. IV. October 1, 1934.

**112273. CLEMATIS GLAUCA ANGUSTIFOLIA Ledeb. Ranunculaceae.**

No. 10. IV. Barim, September 28, 1934. A slender woody climber with the leaflets three-parted into narrowly linear-lanceolate segments. The nodding, bell-shaped yellow flowers, 1 to 2 inches across, are borne in few-flowered, axillary cymes. Native to Mongolia.

For previous introduction see 92773.

**112274. CONVALLARIA MAJALIS L. Convallariaceae. Lily-of-the-valley.**

No. 2. IV. From Barim, October 2, 1934.

**112275. CORYLUS HETEROPHYLLA Fisch. Betulaceae. Hazelnut.**

No. 9. IV. From Barim, September 30, 1934. A hardy shrubby hazel up to 12 feet high, with nuts about one-fourth of an inch long. Native to northeastern Asia.

For previous introduction see 69884.